

Punctuation: Making a Point in Unsupervised Dependency Parsing

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Example: Raw Word Stream

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**ALTHOUGH IT PROBABLY HAS REDUCED THE
LEVEL OF EXPENDITURES FOR SOME
PURCHASERS UTILIZATION MANAGEMENT
LIKE MOST OTHER COST CONTAINMENT
STRATEGIES DOESN'T APPEAR TO HAVE
ALTERED THE LONG-TERM RATE OF
INCREASE IN HEALTH-CARE COSTS THE
INSTITUTE OF MEDICINE AN AFFILIATE OF
THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES
CONCLUDED AFTER A TWO-YEAR STUDY**

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- **formatting** (missing structural cues):

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- **raw word streams often difficult even for humans**
 - e.g., transcribed utterances (Kim and Woodland, 2002)

Example:

IN PRP RB VBZ VBN DT NN IN NNS IN DT
NNS NN NN IN RBS JJ NN NN NNS VBZ RB
VB TO VB VBN DT JJ NN IN NN IN JJ NNS
DT NNP IN NNP DT NN IN DT NNP NNP IN
NNPS VBD IN DT JJ NN

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- **less crude** in inference
 - (reasonably) weak in final **decoding**

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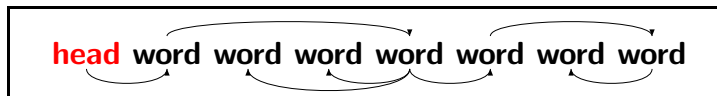
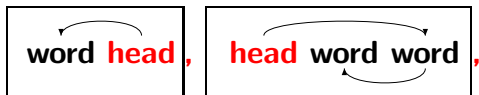
word **head** ,

head word word ,

head word word word word word word word .

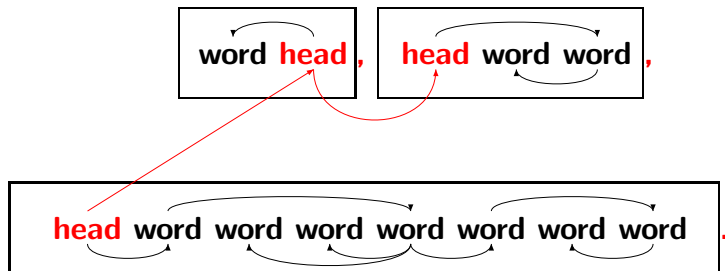
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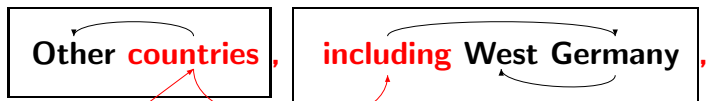
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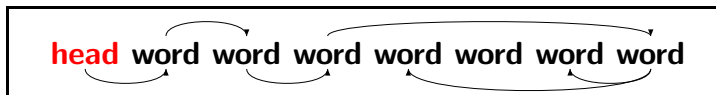
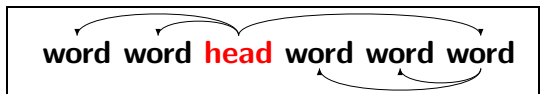
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word word **head** word word word ,

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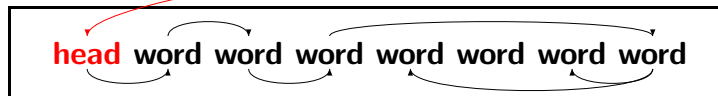
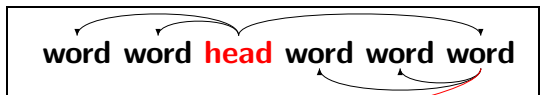
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IFI also **has** nonvoting preferred shares ,

which are quoted on the Milan stock exchange .

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- **49.4%** of inter-punctuation fragments are **constituents**
- lowest dominating non-terminals:

	%
S	32.5
NP	27.2
VP	13.3
PP	10.1
SBAR	6.7
ADVP	3.3
QP	2.5
SINV	2.0
ADJP	1.0
	98.5

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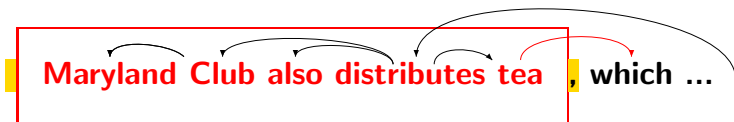
Linguistic Analysis:

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— now **92.9%** agreement with head-percolated trees

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Her recent report classifies the stock as a “hold.”

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Her recent report classifies the stock as a “hold.”

The company said its directors, management and subsidiaries will remain long-term investors and ...

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“Capitalizing on Punctuation”

- more **common** (particularly in long sentences)
- more **uniform** (better coverage of constructs)

Problem: Unsupervised Learning of Parsing

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... *By most measures, the nation's industrial sector is now growing very slowly — if at all. **Factory payrolls fell in September.** So did the Federal Reserve ...*

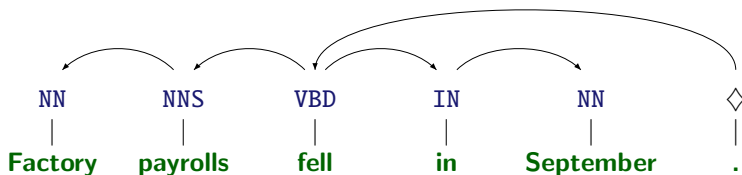


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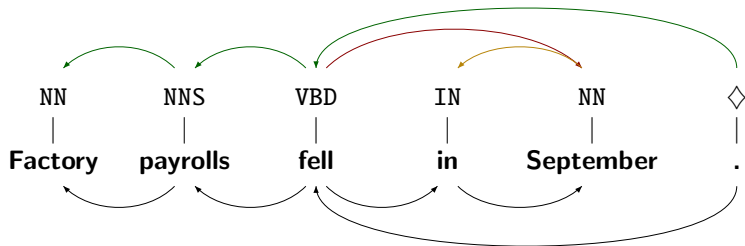
... By most measures, the nation's industrial sector is now growing very slowly — if at all. *Factory payrolls fell in September.* So did the Federal Reserve ...

- **Output**: Syntactic Structures (and a Probabilistic Grammar)

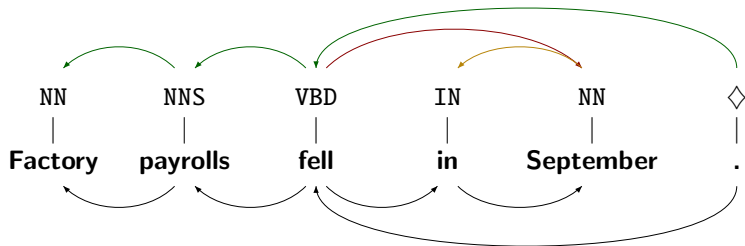


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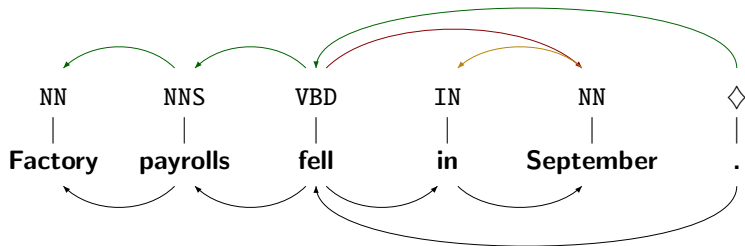


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Directed score: $\frac{3}{5} = 60\%$ (right/left-branching **baselines**: $\frac{2}{5} = 40\%$).

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- a **head-outward** model, with **word classes** and **valence/adjacency** (Klein and Manning, 2004)

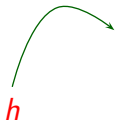
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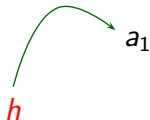
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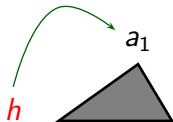
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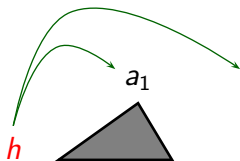
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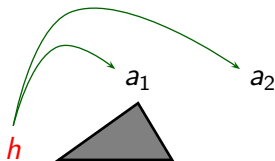
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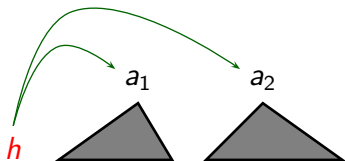
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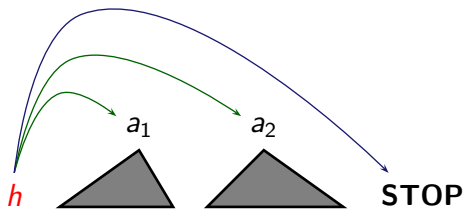
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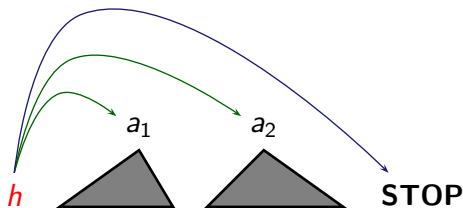
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$$\mathbb{P}(t_h) = \prod_{dir \in \{L,R\}} \left[\frac{\mathbb{P}_{\text{STOP}}(c_h, dir, \overbrace{1_{n=0}}^{adj}) \prod_{i=1}^n \mathbb{P}(t_{a_i}) \mathbb{P}_{\text{ATTACH}}(c_h, dir, c_{a_i})}{(1 - \mathbb{P}_{\text{STOP}}(c_h, dir, \overbrace{1_{i=1}}^{adj}))} \right]_{n = |\text{args}(h, dir)|}$$

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- fast, simple and **easily admits constraints**

(Spitkovsky et al., ACL 2010)

Constraints: Parser Induction

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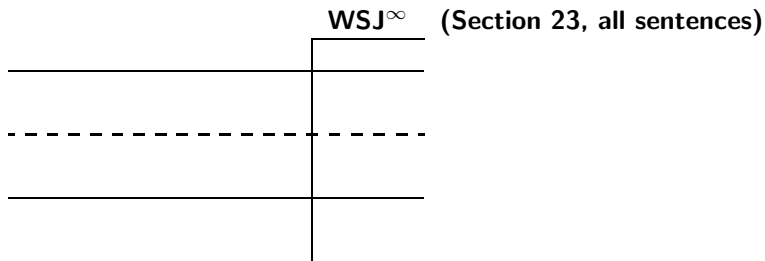
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- **partial bracketings** (Pereira and Schabes, 1992)
 - synchronous grammars (Alshawi and Douglas, 2000)
 - linear-time parsing (Seginer, 2007)
 - skewness of trees (Seginer, 2007)
 - Zipfian distribution of words (Seginer, 2007)
 - sparse posterior regularization (Ganchev et al., 2009)
 - web **markup**-induced constraints (Spitkovsky et al., 2010)
 - semantic cues (Naseem and Barzilay, 2011)

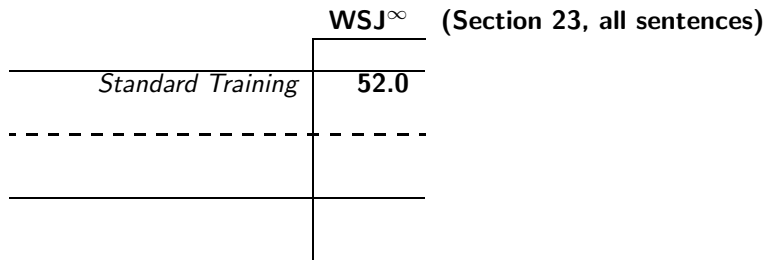
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for baselines, inference, training and an oracle:



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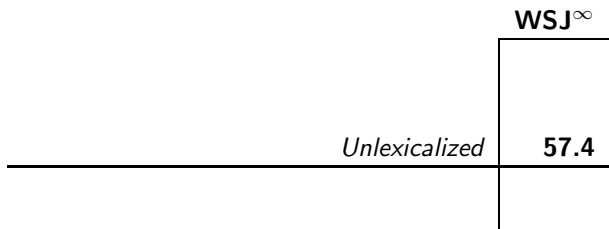
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[http://nlp.stanford.edu/software/
stanford-postagger-2008-09-28.tar.gz:](http://nlp.stanford.edu/software/stanford-postagger-2008-09-28.tar.gz)
models/egw.bnc.200

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(Come see our poster at EMNLP!)

Experimental Results: Multi-Lingual

- further evaluation against CoNLL 2006/7 data sets
 - results **generalize across languages**:

Arabic	2006		
	'7		
Basque	'7		
Bulgarian	'6		
Catalan	'7		
Czech	'6		
	'7		
Danish	'6		
Dutch	'6		
English	'7		
German	'6		
Greek	'7		
Hungarian	'7		
Italian	'7		
Japanese	'6		
Portuguese	'6		
Slovenian	'6		
Spanish	'6		
Swedish	'6		
Turkish	'6		
	'7		
Average:			

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		Inference Only
Arabic	2006	+0.1
	'7	+0.9
Basque	'7	+0.8
Bulgarian	'6	+1.1
Catalan	'7	+0.8
Czech	'6	+0.9
	'7	+1.0
Danish	'6	+0.9
Dutch	'6	+1.0
English	'7	+1.3
German	'6	+0.8
Greek	'7	+0.5
Hungarian	'7	+0.4
Italian	'7	+0.1
Japanese	'6	+0.0
Portuguese	'6	+0.7
Slovenian	'6	+2.0
Spanish	'6	+0.8
Swedish	'6	+0.5
Turkish	'6	+0.1
	'7	+0.2
Average:		+0.7

Experimental Results: Multi-Lingual

- further evaluation against CoNLL 2006/7 data sets
 - results **generalize across languages:**

		Inference Only	Training & Inference
Arabic	2006	+0.1	+1.1
	'7	+0.9	+2.6
Basque	'7	+0.8	+0.6
Bulgarian	'6	+1.1	+1.6
Catalan	'7	+0.8	+0.9
Czech	'6	+0.9	+3.0
	'7	+1.0	+2.7
Danish	'6	+0.9	+0.2
Dutch	'6	+1.0	+3.0
English	'7	+1.3	+2.8
German	'6	+0.8	+1.6
Greek	'7	+0.5	+0.7
Hungarian	'7	+0.4	+1.4
Italian	'7	+0.1	-0.8
Japanese	'6	+0.0	+0.1
Portuguese	'6	+0.7	+0.8
Slovenian	'6	+2.0	+2.8
Spanish	'6	+0.8	+0.8
Swedish	'6	+0.5	+0.8
Turkish	'6	+0.1	+1.0
	'7	+0.2	+0.1

Average:

+0.7

+1.3

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- **would prosody aid with induction from speech?**
 - **“as words” breaks n -grams** (Kahn et al., 2005)

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- **an alternative: overly simple models**
— constraints prevent *underfitting*

Thanks!

Punctuation. It works...

Any questions?